

Example 1: Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

if

$$\sin(xy^2) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

Differentiate both sides  
with respect to  $x$ .

We get  $\rightarrow$

$$\cos(xy^2) \frac{d}{dx}(xy^2) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\cos(xy^2) \left( y^2 + x \frac{d}{dx}(y^2) \right) = 0$$

$$\cos(xy^2) \left( y^2 + 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = 0$$

$$y^2 \cos(xy^2) + 2xy \cos(xy^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

Subtract  $y^2 \cos(xy^2)$

from both sides

$$2y \times \cos(xy^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = -y^2 \cos(xy^2)$$

Divide both sides by

$$2y \times \cos(xy^2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y^2 \cancel{\cos(xy^2)}}{2y \times \cancel{\cos(xy^2)}}$$

$$= \frac{-\cancel{y^2}}{\cancel{2y} \times} = \frac{-y}{2x}$$

Differentiate again...

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2} y \cdot x^{-1}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dx} (y \cdot x^{-1})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot x^{-1} - x^{-2} y \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \frac{y}{x^2} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{y}{x^2} - \frac{y}{x^2} \right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{3y}{4x^2}}$$

# Related Rates (section 2.8)

All story problems,  
always with implicit  
differentiation (usually  
with respect to time)

# Main Things You'll Use

- 0) Volumes of familiar objects (sphere, cube, cone, etc)
- 1) Pythagorean Theorem / Distance Formula
- 2) Definitions of Trig Functions
- 3) Similar Triangles

Example 2: Bigfoot

is walking north at

a rate of 20 miles per hour.

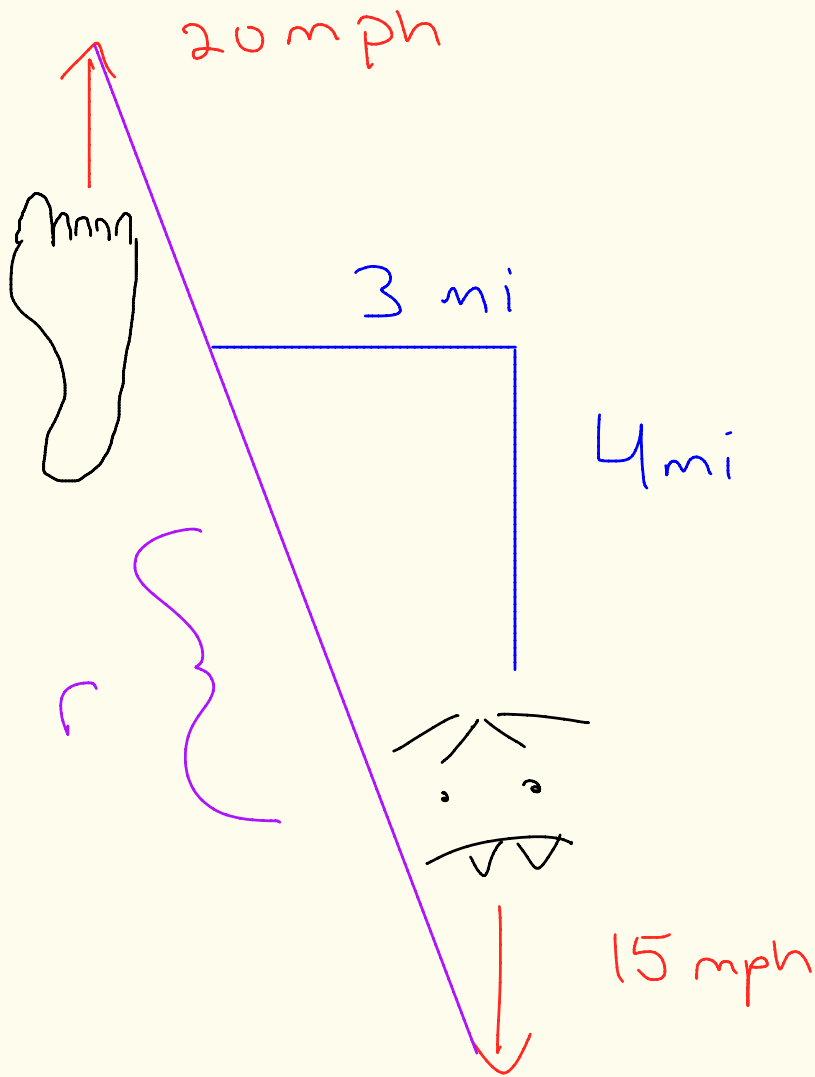
At the same time, Sasquatch is walking south at 15 miles per hour. If Sasquatch is

3 miles east and 4 miles south

of Bigfoot at 12 noon, how

fast is the distance between

them changing at 3 PM?



$r$  = distance between Bigfoot  
and Sasquatch

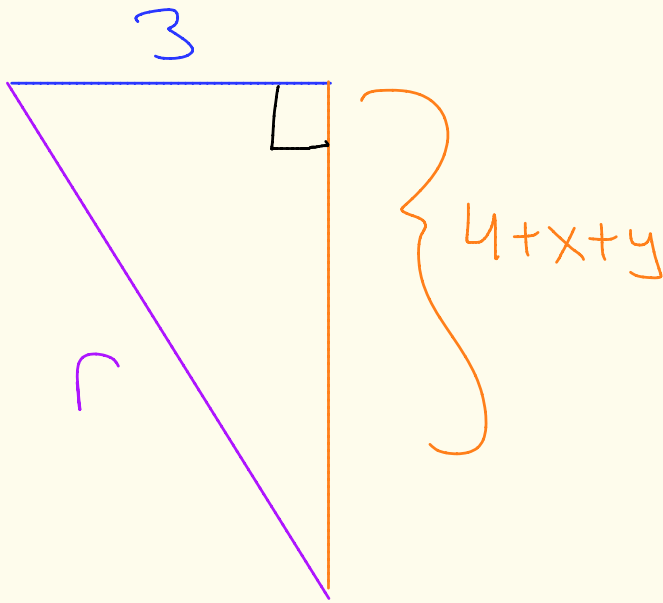


Let  $x$  = distance walked  
by Bigfoot after noon.

Let  $y$  = distance walked  
by Sasquatch after noon

Know:  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 20, \frac{dy}{dt} = 15$

Find a relationship between  
 $x, y,$  and  $t$ .



$$\text{So } (4+x+y)^2 + 3^2 = r^2$$

$$(4+x+y)^2 + 9 = r^2$$

Differentiate both sides  
of  $(4+x+y)^2 + 9 = r^2$   
with respect to  $t$ :

$$2(4+x+y)\left(\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt}\right) = 2r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

Finish next class